Taiwan

1th March - 23th March 2024

TAIPEI
DASYUESHAN FOREST RESERVE TAROKO NP

REN'AI
YUSHAN NP ALISHAN FOREST RESERVE

AOGU WETLANDS KENTING NP



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Introduction

Ever since learning about Taiwan—its rich history and vibrant culture—I've felt a strong desire to visit. Despite being roughly the same size as the Netherlands, Taiwan boasts mountain ranges that soar over 3,500 meters. Its compact size makes it ideal for a three-week holiday. Renting a car is straightforward, the food is outstanding, the people are incredibly friendly and polite, and accommodations can be easily booked in advance. As an island, Taiwan is home to a remarkable level of biodiversity, including over 30 endemic bird species. During my trip, I recorded 158 bird species, 12 mammal species, and 36 butterfly species across the island. Compared to my more fast-paced trip to Thailand in 2022, this journey was a bit more relaxed, allowing me to explore several cultural and tourist highlights along the way. I thoroughly enjoyed my time in Taiwan and highly recommend visiting—it's a destination not to be missed!

Itinerary

My itinerary was shaped by several trip reports from Mammalwatching and Cloudbirders. Two must-visit locations for naturalists are Dasyueshan Forest Reserve and Yushan National Park, both offering incredible opportunities to see Taiwan's endemic wildlife. For lowland species, the Taipei Botanical Gardens, Maokong, and Erbazi Botanical Garden are excellent spots. If you're targeting nocturnal species, Fuyang Eco Park and Dasyueshan are essential stops. Taroko Gorge is an absolute must—not just for wildlife, but for its breathtaking natural beauty. The rest of the itinerary was built around a mix of cultural and touristic highlights throughout the island. Although Lanyu Island is known for its biodiversity, it didn't fit into this trip's schedule and was therefore left out. Traveling with a rental car made it possible to reach more remote and rewarding locations. In fact, having your own vehicle is essential for accessing places like Dasyueshan Forest Reserve.

Arrival at Taoyuan Airport from Amsterdam (21:45) - Night at Taipei Hotel B
Taipei (various touristic and natural spots)
Pick-up car - Xiangshan Wetland - Dasyueshan Forest Reserve - Night at Daxueshan Hotel
Dasyueshan Forest Reserve
Travel to Xincheng via Taroko NP - Night at Taroko Inn
Taroko NP - Travel to Ren'ai - Night at Tian Hsiang Tea B&B
Qingjing Skywalk - Sun Moon Lake - Night at Sun Moon Lake Tai Hu Hotel
Yusan NP - Night at Daba Kai Garden Bed and Breakfast
Yusan NP - Alishan Forest Reserve - Night at Daba Kai Garden Bed and Breakfast
Aogu Wetlands - Travel to Hengchun - Night at The Riverside Hotel Hengchun
Kenting NP
Fo Guang Shan Buddha Museum - Travel to Kaohsiung and return car - Night at Centre Hotel Kaohsiung
Travel to Tainan - Night at Cambridge Hotel
Tainan (Visiting touristic spots)
Travel to Taipei - Erbazi Botanical Garden - Night at Cloud Hotel Arena
Beitou Hot Springs - Night at Cloud Hotel Arena
Travel to Zhongli - Visit Xpark - Night at XinsheHotel Chungli
Departure from Taoyuan Airport to Amsterdam (08:05)



Car Hire and Driving

I booked my rental car through Qeeq, a website that aggregates options from multiple rental companies. I chose IWS for its competitive rates. The pickup process was smooth and efficient—located conveniently near Yuanshan metro station in Taipei. The staff was very helpful, and I had no issues collecting the car. A quick note: an International Driver's License is required to rent a car in Taiwan, so make sure you have one before booking. For 12 days, including insurance, I paid €667.43. The car I received was a shiny new Nissan with automatic transmission, and it came with a low-gear mode that made driving through the mountains enjoyable. This feature was especially useful; during my previous trip to Thailand, my rental didn't have it, and I had some trouble with overheated brakes when descending mountain roads. Driving in Taiwan was relatively easy, but you do need to keep an eye on the scooters swarming around you. I found Taiwanese scooter drivers to be much more courteous compared to those in Thailand. Outside the larger cities, traffic was sparse, making for a peaceful drive. However, driving at night should be avoided, as many bikes don't have lights, which can be hazardous.



Rental car at pickup

The car at the highest pass in Taiwan.

Weather

March marks the start of spring, typically a great time to visit Taiwan as it's usually dry. However, during my trip, the lowlands experienced a lot of rain, which led to dense mist and clouds in the mountains. The weather at night could get quite chilly, especially at higher elevations. At Wuling, the highest point I drove past, temperatures dropped below freezing, and it was lightly snowing. Luckily, most hotels in the mountain areas are equipped with heated mattresses or blankets, which made staying warm very comfortable. If you're planning to visit higher-altitude campsites early in the season, be sure to pack warm clothing to stay cozy at night.

Food

The food in Taiwan is incredible and incredibly affordable. Most meals, including a drink, typically cost no more than 300 TWD at most local eateries. One experience you definitely shouldn't miss is visiting a night market—they're a local favorite and offer a wide variety of delicious snacks. The energy is lively, and you'll find everything from savory bites to sweet treats. For quick snacks or drinks on the go, I found the countless 7-Elevens scattered across the island to be a convenient option, offering everything from fresh foods to snacks.

Costs and Money

I booked my flight through Skyscanner, opting for a direct flight from Schiphol, Amsterdam to Taipei with EVA Air for €1,070. Gasoline in Taiwan was about €1 per litre, which is relatively cheap compared to the Netherlands. For unlimited internet, I went with Chunghwa Telecom, paying 1,000 TWD for 30 days of service. In total, I spent around €3,000 for the 3-week trip, which covered the cost of the car rental, flight tickets, entrance fees, food, drinks, and lodging. At the Taipei airport, I found plenty of ATMs for withdrawing cash, and most towns had them too—although some of the smaller ones didn't. Many 7-Elevens also have ATMs, so I used Google Maps to find the nearest one. While cards are accepted in many places, cash is still necessary, especially in smaller shops, restaurants, and hotels

This report

This trip and report were largely based on the invaluable insights from Cloudbirders and Mammalwatching—a huge thank you to all the authors for their detailed contributions.

All the photographs in this report were taken by me. If anyone would like to get in touch or needs more information for planning their own trip to Taiwan, feel free to email me. You can also find my eBird trip report here: Taiwan 2024 - eBird Trip Report



Sunset at Ren'ai

Taipei

General Info

This sprawling metropolis has lush parks scattered throughout the city and green hills on its outskirts. Getting around Taipei is a breeze, thanks to the excellent and efficient public transport. Google Maps offers accurate information for navigating the city. As for food, there's no shortage of delicious options, especially at the night markets.

Taipei Botanic Gardens

The Botanic Gardens are right in the city center, easily accessible via metro, and entry is free. With various themed gardens, it's a popular spot for photographers capturing birds, flowers, and butterflies. Early mornings are peaceful, the gardens still quiet and the air is filled with the unmistakable calls of barbets.

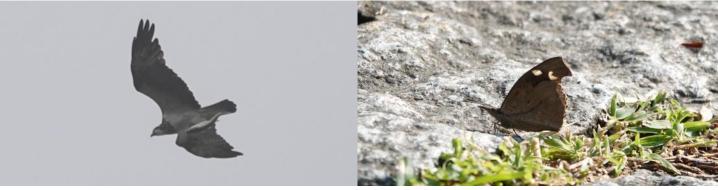
The lotus pond in the southeastern end of the garden is good for waterbound birdspecies, like **White-breasted Water-hen**, **Black-crowned Night Heron**, **Little Egret** and **Common Kingfisher**. On small rocky island in the pond, **Chinese Striped-necked Turtle** were seen sunbathing.



Light-vented Bulbul

Taiwan Scimitar-Babbler

Along the densely planted path east of the lotus pond, heading towards the Ginger Garden, the first endemic appeared: a **Taiwan Barbet** singing high in the treetops. Here I also spotted **Black Bulbul**, **Light-vented Bulbul**, **Swinhoe's White-eye** and **White-rumped Shama**. The second endemic, a **Taiwan Scimitar-Babbler**, was seen scurrying through the undergrowth in the Fern Garden. This area also hosted **Oriental Magpie**, **Black Drongo** and **Red Collared-Dove** were seen. The sunny spots in the succulent garden attracted several butterflies, including **Common Beak**, **Plain Tiger**, **Indian fritillary** and **Common Map**. Above, an **Osprey** with flew by with a large fish in its talons. In the Botanist Memorial Garden, I saw **Black-naped Monarch**, **Gray Treepie**, **Oriental Turtle-Dove**, **Arctic Warbler** and **Pallas's Squirrel** were seen. Normally, the gardens are known for great views of the Malayan Night-Heron, but sadly, I didn't spot one this time (though one appeared later in my trip!).



Osprey with prey

Common Beak

Huajiang Wild Duck Nature Park IBA

Though the Aogu Wetlands weren't originally in my itinerary, I decided to visit in hopes of spotting the Black-faced Spoonbill, which had been reported in the area recently. The park is a 15-minute walk from Longshan Temple MRT and offers a pleasant stroll along the river. While the birdlife wasn't spectacular, I did spot Northern Shoveler, Greenwinged Teal, Common Sandpiper, Common Greenshank, Eurasian Spoonbill, Black-winged Kite, Brown Shrike, Crested Myna and Chestnut Munia. I'd recommend visiting only if you have extra time to spare.



Eurasian Spoonbill Brown Shrike

Taipei Zoo and surroundings

Before heading into the Taipei Zoo, I took a walk along the river leading towards National Chengchi University (https://ebird.org/hotspot/L5569828). The riverbank here is densely overgrown with reeds. The riverbank is thick with reeds, and the well-kept park makes for a relaxing stroll. Birds spotted here included **Little Grebe**, **White-breasted Waterhen**, **Green Sandpiper**, **Cinnamon Bittern**, **Chinese Pond-Heron**, **Common Kingfisher**, **Yellow-bellied Prinia** and **Crested Myna**. I also saw many **Chinese Striped-necked Turtles** sunning themselves along the river, while **Common Maps**, **Three-spot Grass Yellow's** and **Long-tailed Blue's** butterflies flitted through the weeds.



Yellow-bellied Prinia

The Taipei Zoo is great for both birds and butterflies, with its well-kept lawns and planted areas. Taiwan Barbets were abundant, and I had excellent views of Graycapped Pygmy Woodpecker and Rufous-capped Babbler. The first endemic butterflies of the trip, Formosan Ringlet and Formosan Swallowtail, were spotted near the giraffes. Other butterflies seen included Dark Palm Dart, Chocolate Pansy, Dark Evening Brown and Blue tiger.

Common Kingfisher with a snack



Formosan Swallowtail

Maokong

The Maokong Gondola station is just a short walk from the Taipei Zoo MRT. This 4.3 km cable car ride takes you to Maokong, a small town in the hills above the city. After getting off, I hiked to Yinhe Cave via several trails—don't miss grabbing a matcha ice cream in town before setting off! The green hills here are home to different bird species than the city's lowlands, including Crested Serpent-Eagle, Taiwan Barbet, Taiwan Blue-Magpie, Gray Treepie, Yellow-browed Warbler, Taiwan Scimitar-Babbler, Black-necklaced Scimitar-Babbler, Morrison's Fulvetta, Black-throated Laughingthrush and Taiwan Whistling-Thrush. Butterflies observed included Staff sergeant, Restricted Purple Sapphire and Yellow Jester.



Taiwan Barbet

Rufous-capped Babbler

Erbazi Botanical Garden

Towards the end of the trip, I still hadn't captured any good photos of the **Taiwan Blue Magpie**. Searching eBird for reliable spots around Taipei, I found the Erbazi Botanical Garden. It turned out to be a great choice—not only did I finally find the Taiwan Blue Magpie, but I was also treated to large numbers of **Rufous-crowned Laughingthrush**. After checking in to my hotel, I took the MRT to the Ankeng LRT, then transferred to Rose China Town station. From there, it's about a 15-minute walk to the entrance of the trail leading up to the gardens, which begins with a large staircase at

the end of Jixiang Street. The walk up the hill, through lush, green forest, took another 20 minutes. It It didn't take long to spot both the Taiwan Blue Magpie and the Rufous-crowned Laughingthrush. The birdlife didn't stop there, though—I also saw a Maroon Oriole, Manchurian Bush Warbler, Black-necklaced Scimitar-Babbler, Morrison's Fulvetta, Pale Thrush, and Taiwan Whistling-Thrush. Butterflies such as Lilacine Bushbrown, Ypthima Multistriata and Straight-banded Treebrown were also in good supply.



Three Taiwan Blue-Magpies



Rufous-crowned Laughingthrush



Maroon Oriole

Fuyang Eco Park & Fuzhou Shan Park

Nighttime wildlife spotting in the city can be a tricky endeavor, but Fuyang Eco Park in Taipei turned out to be a great spot for this type of adventure. Located just a 5-minute walk from Linguang MRT station, the park is easily accessible and surprisingly quiet in the evenings. Although a few locals were enjoying the cool air near the entrance, the rest of the park was mostly empty, allowing for unobstructed spotlighting without any disturbances. I quietly wandered along the park's trails, listening to the rustling leaves, a sure sign of nocturnal activity in the trees. The park's many steep paths also provided excellent vantage points to spot wildlife in the treetops. Over the course of 2.5 hours, I was fortunate to spot 5 Formosan giant flying squirrels. One of the most memorable sightings occurred in an open area about 100 meters from the entrance (25°00'57.4"N 121°33'28.5"E), where a squirrel landed on a dead tree right in front of me and stayed perched there for a solid five minutes before gliding away into the night. In the same area, I had a close encounter with a Formosan Ferret-Badger, which crossed the trail just in front of me. Startled by my presence, it quickly retreated into the dense underbrush, offering only a fleeting glimpse of its eyeshine. I made my way to the viewing point in Fuzhou Shan Park. The view over the city here is spectacular, even in misty weather! In this park there seemed to be plenty Masked palm civets around, some of which were quite tame. The ditches along the trails are good for reptiles and amphibians. LaTouche's Frog, Taiwan Common Toad and Chinese Green Tree Viper were found here.



Formosan Giant Flying Squirrel

Taiwan Common Toad



Masked palm civet

Chinese Green Tree Viper



Dayueshan Forest Reserve

General Info

After the vibrant energy of Taipei, it was time to head into the rugged mountains at the heart of Taiwan. From the Yuanshan MRT station, I picked up my car and embarked on a 3-hour drive to the entrance of Dayueshan Forest Reserve. The traffic was manageable once I left the city, and much of the journey was along elevated highways, making the drive smooth and easy. I made a couple of small detours, including a stop at Xiangshan Wetlands and picking up some supplies at a 7-11 in Dongshi.

Dayueshan Forest Reserve is one of the must-visit locations for any naturalist in Taiwan. Spanning a range of ecosystems from lowland rainforests to high-altitude pine forests, this park offers access to a variety of habitats and species. In fact, it's home to all but one of Taiwan's endemic bird species, as well as being a prime location for spotting Taiwan Serow and the elusive Taiwan Red-and-white Giant Flying Squirrel, especially during nighttime spotlighting sessions. Given the diversity of wildlife and the area's incredible beauty, I recommend staying at least 3 nights in the reserve. This duration provides enough time to spot most of the key species, take in the stunning views, and leave some leeway for potential bad weather, which I certainly needed during my stay. It was mostly cold, misty, and rainy, but the 3 days gave me ample time to see what I had hoped for.

I stayed at the Dayueshan Guest House, which is located right within the reserve. This simple but comfortable accommodation is managed by the reserve, and foreign tourists can book rooms by emailing tsfs@forest.gov.tw. I found the booking process to be smooth and efficient; I received a confirmation email just one day after submitting my request. Check-in is done at the Visitor Center, between 15:00 and 17:00, where the staff were friendly and helpful, using a bit of English and Google Translate to assist me. The cost for a 3-night stay was 7,200 TWD, including both breakfast and dinner. Meals are served buffet-style, with breakfast from 07:00 to 08:30 and dinner from 17:30 to 19:00. The restaurant remains open until 21:00 for additional food options, which was a nice touch after a day of hiking. The rooms are fairly basic, with few amenities, and guests are expected to bring their own blankets. There's no Wi-Fi, but you can get a good cellular connection. The beds have electric blankets, which are much-needed during the chilly nights, especially when temperatures dropped as low as 4°C early one morning.

To explore the Dayueshan Forest Reserve, a rental car is essential. The reserve is accessible via a single road that stretches from the lowlands to the Xiaoxueshan Station, located at an elevation of 2,560 meters. The first 35 km of the road are open to the public and can be accessed freely, but after that, there's an entrance gate where you'll need to pay an entrance fee: 200 TWD per person and 100 TWD for a car. The entrance is open from 06:30 to 17:00, and the fee must be paid every time you enter the park. If you're staying overnight, though, you'll only need to pay once. On weekdays, the park is relatively quiet, but it can get quite busy on weekends, which may reduce your chances of encountering rare wildlife.



View of the pavilion near the sky pond

Xiangshan Wetland

This location was a last-minute addition to the itinerary, driven by the sighting of a Spoon-billed Sandpiper that had been wintering here. The mudflats are easily accessible via a boardwalk. Unfortunately, my visit coincided with low tide, so the birds were dispersed further out into the bay. Though I didn't spot spoony, the trip was still rewarding. Among the other species present were Black-bellied Plover, Siberian Sand-Plover, Greater Sand-Plover, Eurasian Curlew, Sanderling, Dunlin, and an Osprey. Furthermore, watching the different species of crab crawling around on the mudflats was a delight, especially the marching groups of Mictyris Brevidactylus.



Dunlin

A group of Mictyris Brevidactylus

Henglui Creek (15 Km)

The lower part of the road leads through a blend of tropical forest and agricultural land. At around 15 km, you can turn off the main road onto a smaller path that crosses a bridge over Henglui Creek. From the bridge, I spotted **Pacific Swallows** darting over the water and a **Plumbeous Redstart** perched along the creek. From here, I continued along the road until I reached a small trail leading up the mountains, located at 24.23931, 120.91116. Along this trail, I observed a variety of birds, including **Taiwan Partridge**, **Swinhoe's Pheasant**, **Taiwan Barbet**, **Gray-chinned Minivet**, **Rufous-capped Babbler**, **Taiwan Scimitar-Babbler**, **Morrison's Fulvetta**, and **Steere's Liocichla**. As is had been raining most of the morning, there weren't to many butterflies around. Only **Dark Evening Brown** and **Jorō Spider** were seen.



Record shot of Chestnut-bellied Tit

Near the houses and fields, I spotted Taiwan Bamboo-Partridge, Malayan Night Heron, White-rumped Shama, and White-tailed Robin. A particularly productive spot at 24.23694, 120.91032 hosted a mixed flock, including White-bellied Erpornis, Maroon Oriole, Chest-nut-bellied Tit, Rufous-faced Warbler, Taiwan Yuhina, and Black-necklaced Scimitar-Babbler, which lingered in the area for quite some time.

Taiwan Yuhina



Malayan Night Heron

Swinhoe's Pheasant Feeding spot (23.5 Km)

A well-known spot along the road features a parking area and a small elevated wooden viewing platform. Just behind a sign full of "no feeding" warnings, there's a slope where birds are regularly fed. **Swinhoe's Pheasant** is almost always seen here, particularly in the early morning or late afternoon during the breeding season when males display their extended facial wattles—quite a sight! This location isn't the only spot for the species; I also saw at least five males along the road during a misty morning drive. While Taiwan Partridge can occasionally be spotted here, they seem more elusive. On one visit, a **White's Thrush** was digging up the soil at this feeding spot.

The area is surrounded by fruiting trees, drawing in numerous fruit-eating birds. In just 40 minutes one morning, I observed **Gray-chinned Minivet**, **Taiwan Yuhina**, **Swinhoe's White-eye**, **White-eared Sibia**, **Taiwan Thrush**, **Brownheaded Thrush**, **Taiwan Vivid Niltava**, **Taiwan Whistling-Thrush** and **Brown Bullfinch** feeding in flocks in the trees. Walking up and down the road from the feeding spot revealed **Taiwan Barbet**, **Maroon Oriole**, **Gray Treepie** and **Steere's Liocichla**. There were also some mammals around. **Maritime Striped Squirrels** were busy feeding from the berries and **Perny's Long-nosed Squirrel** were running along the edges of the parking space.



Male Swinhoe's Pheasant with erect wattles

Swinhoe's Pheasant



White's Thrush

Taiwan Thrush, a damn hard endemic to spot.



White-eared Sibia

Maritime Striped Squirrel eating upside down

Entrance area (30 Km)

The trees near the parking area, just past the entrance gate, were in bloom during my visit, attracting a variety of birds including White-bellied Erpornis, Green-backed Tit, Black-throated Tit, Taiwan Yellow Tit, Taiwan Yuhina and White-eared Sibia. A quiet path leads left of the shrine, just past the car barrier, along Forest Road 210. Both times I walked this path, I had it to myself. During a misty afternoon, it provided close encounters with a Mikado Pheasant, while a sunny morning walk revealed (very good views of) Taiwan Partridge, Gray-chinned Minivet, Taiwan Barwing, Rufous-crowned Laughingthrush, Taiwan Whistling-Thrush and a group of Formosan Rock Macaques.



Taiwan Partridge

Taiwan Yellow Tit (Damn that branch!)

Visitor center and Dayueshan hotel area (43 Km)

Along the road between the entrance and the visitor center, I had two noteworthy sightings. A large group of **Rusty Laughingthrushes** was spotted near 24.266288, 121.003161. Though they were distant, some climbing allowed for better views and a few poor photos. Further down, near a waterfall at 24.264582, 121.005459, I glimpsed a **Little Forktail** on the road, but it flew off as soon as it saw the car.

Around the visitor center, large trees and blooming cherry trees attracted numerous birds, but most numerous were White-bellied Erpornis, Green-backed Tit, Taiwan Yuhina and White-eared Sibia. Furthermore, Maritime Striped Squirrels and Perny's Long-nosed Squirrel were also active around the cabins.

One afternoon, I walked the Sacred Tree Trail, which starts at the 41 km sign and ends at the visitor center. The trail, though quiet due to poor weather, yielded sightings of common birds like Morrison's Fulvetta, Black-throated Tit, Taiwan Yuhina and White-eared Sibia. Due to bad weather activity was quite low. It's a great trail for botanists, with many large cypress trees, including Taiwan red cypress, Taiwan Spruce, Chinese Hemlock, Taiwan Red Maple and Viola formosana were seen along this trail.



White-eared Sibia in Sakura

Viola formosana

At higher altitudes, the wildlife at night differs from the lowlands. The visitor center organizes guided night walks, and the friendly staff member invited me along, translating for the guide via her phone. The night walk revealed **Taiwan Red-and-white Giant Flying Squirrels** in nearly every tree. During the Sakura season, the squirrels fed on blossoms and young leaves. The guide expertly mimicked their whistling calls, getting a response each time.

Afterward, I asked about the best spot to see **Taiwan Serow**. The guide mentioned one that frequents the grass by the parking lot near the visitor center. We searched but couldn't find it in the thick mist. He suggested I try again around 10 PM. When I returned later, in cold and misty conditions, and after spotting several flying squirrels, I found the Serow right where he'd said. This island endemic was much smaller and cuter than the mainland cousins I had seen in Thailand. Unfazed by my presence, it allowed me to approach as close as 2.5 meters—perhaps the mist helped mask me. This parking lot wasn't the only place to spot the species; the next night, I saw another in the undergrowth across from the restaurant.



Taiwan Red-and-white Giant Flying Squirrel in Sakura

Taiwan Serow

Xiaoxueshan station and surroundings (50 Km)

Driving up to Xiaoxueshan Station at the mountain's summit, you'll find a parking lot, a small visitor center with a free hot water dispenser, toilets, and ranger accommodations. On my first morning, I hiked Forest Road 230 (starting at 24.278700, 121.025272). Despite the cold, misty conditions, I was hopeful. After just 300 meters, I spotted several tame Mikado Pheasants feeding along the road. The male's striking tail feathers were a standout, with vibrant red contrasting beautifully against dark plumage. Continuing further, I encountered Eurasian Nutcracker, Coal Tit, Blackthroated Tit, White-whiskered Laughingthrush, Taiwan Barwing, Collared Bush-Robin, and White-browed Bush-Robin. In dense spruce, I found Flamecrests darting about, and a small Red-flanked Bluetail caught my eye—a rare migrant in these parts. While this trail is known for sightings of Taiwan Cupwing and Taiwan Bush-Warbler, I didn't spot either. On the way back, I was lucky enough to see a Taiwan Serow just above the restroom. This individual, identifiable by a piece of its ear hanging loose, was calmly browsing at dawn. It seemed quite habituated to humans, as I got close without disturbing it. From images online, this particular serow often frequents the parking area.



A male Mikado Pheasant

Red-flanked Bluetail

That same morning, I spotted a small flock of **Taiwan Bullfinch** feeding in a berry-laden tree near the parking lot—another elusive endemic checked off the list. After breakfast, I walked from the upper parking area to Heaven's Lake (Tianchih). The **Mikado Pheasants** were again visible around the lawns near the toilet building. The dense undergrowth and young spruce along the road made birding much easier. In a short stretch, I encountered **Gray-headed Woodpecker**, **Southern Nutcracker**, **Yellowish-bellied Bush Warbler**, **Taiwan Fulvetta**, **White-whiskered Laughingthrush**, **Taiwan Barwing**, **Flamecrest**, and **Collared Bush-Robin**. At the Rueisyue Pavilion, two female **Taiwan Rosefinch** were foraging on the lawns, offering great views of this often difficult-to-spot endemic. The area around Heaven's Lake is also known for its Taiwan Red Pines, endemic to the high-altitude forests of Taiwan. During both dawn and dusk, the lake's shores were particularly good for seeing **Reeves's Muntjac**, a small deer that hides in the reeds, only emerging when the area was quiet. Along the same path, I also spotted a **Taiwan Common Toad**. The Siaosyueshan Shenmu Trail offered sightings of **Large-billed Crow**, **Yellowish-bellied Bush Warbler**, and **Taiwan Bush-Robin**.



Taiwan Bullfinch

Taiwan Rosefinch



Collared Bush-Robin

Reeves's Muntjac



Heaven's Lake

Taroko National Park

General Info

After three days spent fully immersed in the search for wildlife at Dayueshan Forest Reserve, I decided it was time for a change of pace and to take a break from the constant focus on animals. I wanted to enjoy the breathtaking scenery of Taroko National Park, which is renowned for its rugged mountains, dramatic cliffs, and crystal-clear rivers. It was exactly what I needed after such an intense wildlife-focused stretch. The park certainly did not disappoint—its beauty is awe -inspiring!

However, my journey to the park wasn't without its challenges. Highway 8, which would usually take me directly into the park, was partly closed during my visit due to roadwork. As a result, I took a longer route through the central mountains. Passing Puli, I turned onto Highway 14, which immediately began to climb, taking me deep into the heart of Taiwan's mountainous highlands. True to form during my trip, thick clouds blanketed the peaks, and I found myself driving through mist for much of the way. The air was cool and crisp, adding to the mystical atmosphere of the mountains. Once I crossed Hehuanshan and turned onto Highway 8, the road began to descend into the breathtaking gorge. The views along the way were nothing short of spectacular, with towering cliffs on either side and steep ravines below. The drive down to Xincheng, a small town nestled at the foot of the mountains, took about three hours. Xincheng is an ideal base for exploring Taroko National Park. I decided to stay here for a single night since my itinerary was quite packed and I had other areas to explore.

The next day, I set out early to make the most of my time in the park. I hiked the Shakadang Trail, a beautiful path that winds along the river, offering stunning views of turquoise waters and lush forest. The trail is known for its crystal-clear streams, and I took my time wandering through its twists and turns. After that, I visited the famous Changchun Shrine, a peaceful and scenic spot that sits right beside the river. I also made sure to take in the sweeping vistas from two of the park's most iconic viewpoints—the Buluowan Suspension Bridge and the Liufang Observation Deck. Both spots offer panoramic views of the gorge and surrounding mountains.

Before leaving the park, I decided to walk a small section of the Xiaoqilai Trail, a more challenging hike that would take me even higher into the mountains. Unfortunately, I didn't have time to complete the trail, but I enjoyed the brief walk I did take, with its lush vegetation and peaceful atmosphere.



The Eternal Spring Shrine

Wuling and Xiaoqilai Trail

Wuling is well-known for its local subspecies of Alpine Accentor, but during both of my visits—on the way down and up—the thick mist made it nearly impossible to see further than 20 meters at the parking area. The moisture in the clouds had frozen on the vegetation, creating a stunning icy landscape. Unfortunately, the birds were nowhere to be found. A bit farther down is the Songsyue Lodge and the Xiaoqilai Trail, where I hiked for the first 1.5 kilometers. The thick mist combined with the dense bamboo underbrush made for a strikingly atmospheric scene. At the trailhead, I spotted a group of **Taiwan Rosefinches** quietly feeding. The sight of a male, with its brilliant red plumage, was a real highlight, even in the fog. Along the trail, I also saw **Taiwan Fulvetta**, **Morrison's Fulvetta**, and **Taiwan Bush-Robin**.



Taiwan Rosefinch in the mist

Taiwan Bush-Robin

Buluowan Visitor Center an Suspension Bridge

As I continued driving down the gorge, I made a quick stop at the Tianxiang Recreation Area to grab some supplies from the 7-Eleven. The area is home to a group of **Formosan Rock Macaques**, who seem to be expert food thieves—anyone leaving the store with snacks quickly found their goods being swiped. The cashier even suggested I hide my purchases in my pockets to avoid losing them! Not far from there, the Buluowan Visitor Center serves as the main hub

in the lower part of the national park, with plenty of parking spots. From here, visitors can check out the suspension bridge. In winter, this area is known to be a good spot for spotting Chestnut-bellied Tits and Taiwan Yellow Tits, although I was a bit too late in the season to catch a glimpse of them. A small set of stairs leads from the bridge to the road, winding through a damp forest. It was here that I spotted a variety of species, including Taiwan Barbet, Gray-chinned Minivet, White-bellied Erpornis, Black-naped Monarch, and Taiwan Vivid Niltava.



Taiwan Vivid Niltava



Formosan Rock Macagues quarding the entrance of the 7-11



White-bellied Erpornis

Shakadang Trail

In the early morning, I visited both the Eternal Spring Shrine and the Shakadang Trail, which turned out to be a great call. By the time I got back to the car park, the crowds had started rolling in. The Shakadang Trail runs alongside the Shakadang Stream, leading upriver through a beautiful riverine gorge. The water here is an incredible turquoise blue, thanks to the minerals flowing through it. Along the trail, I managed to spot a nice variety of birds: House Swift, Little Egret, Striated Heron, Common Kingfisher, Taiwan Barbet, Gray-capped Pygmy Woodpecker, Large-billed Crow, Black Bulbul, Plumbeous Redstart, and White Wagtail. I also saw a Common Windmill butterfly fluttering around, which was a pleasant surprise. Just past the hotel, I spotted a pair of Taiwan Hwamei singing in the undergrowth (24.124754, 121.643535). Just as they came into view through my camera's viewfinder, they took off, much to my frustration! In the surrounding fields, I also saw Styan's Bulbul and White-rumped Munia.





Striated Heron

Striated Heroit

Common Windmill



Plumbeous Redstart

White-rumped Munia



Shakadang Trail

Ren'ai & Qingjing

General Info

I spent one night in this small town after driving up Taroko Gorge, and had a relaxed morning there. The town is pretty touristy, with a lot of hotels and homestays to choose from. I stayed at the cozy Tian Hsiang Tea B&B, which I'd highly recommend. Many of the restaurants in the area were a bit pricey (especially compared to other parts of Taiwan) and catered mostly to families, so I kept it simple with a light dinner and some fantastic matcha ice cream at the food court at Mist Plaza. The next morning, I took a walk from the B&B to the skywalk and then onto Qingjing Farm to observe a sheep-shaving show. Afterward, I drove to Sun Moon Lake for a bit of sightseeing. While not typically a birding hotspot, I still had a few nice sightings of different species during my time there, which was a pleasant surprise!

Agricultural land behind Tian Hsiang Tea B&B

I woke up early in the morning to the unmistakable calls of the **Taiwan Bamboo-Partridge** coming from the hill behind the B&B. After heading out, I managed to spot three individuals crossing the road, but they quickly disappeared into the thick brush before I could snap a picture. The small road winds through a mix of agricultural land and dense undergrowth, making it a great place for birding. Along the way, I spotted **Taiwan Barbet**, **White-bellied Erpornis**, **Gray Treepie**, **Brownish-flanked Bush Warbler**, and **Black-throated Tit**. The highlight, though, was a large flock of **White-bellied**.

Qingjing Skywalk

The skywalk itself is incredibly affordable, just 50 TWD, and offers some of the best views in all of Taiwan. It's a real gem for birdwatchers, too, giving you the chance to see birds up close, almost at eye level. The most memorable sighting was the local subspecies of **Fire-breasted Flowerpecker**, which seemed to be everywhere. From the boardwalk, I also spotted a variety of other species, including **Gray-chinned Minivet**, **Green-backed Tit**, **Taiwan Yellow Tit**, **Taiwan Yuhina**, **Taiwan Vivid Niltava**, **Plain Flowerpecker**, and **Brown Bullfinch**. The skywalk's unique vantage point made it feel like everything was just within reach!



Fire-breasted Flowerpecker

Brown Bullfinch



Plain Flowerpecker

Green-backed Tit

Yushan NP & Alishan Forest Reserve

General Info

After a day of sightseeing around Puli (I highly recommend staying in Yuchi and visiting the Ita Thao night market), it was time to head back into the mountains. Since all the hotels in Alishan were fully booked, I based myself in Xinyi Township and made day trips from there. From Sun Moon Lake, I drove to Daba Kai Garden Bed and Breakfast, where I stayed for two nights. The rooms were modern and comfortable, the owner welcoming, and the balconies offered stunning views of Taiwan's highest peak, Yushan (Jade Mountain).

From Xinyi, it takes about an hour to reach the Tataka Visitor Center. Parking and entry are free, and there are plenty of trails to explore—though many of them are quite steep, so proper footwear and preparation are recommended.

The Alishan Forest Recreation Area lies about 30 minutes further down the same road. Entry to the park costs NT\$300, and it can get very crowded, particularly during cherry blossom season. Despite the throngs of visitors, the area is well worth exploring. The boardwalk among the giant cypress trees is especially impressive, and there are several scenic viewpoints overlooking the surrounding mountains. Smaller attractions, such as the Ecocenter and the Salamander exhibit, add further interest, and in spring the final cherry blossoms can still be seen scattered among the trees.

Wildlife viewing here can be difficult due to the heavy tourist presence, but the scenery, towering old-growth trees, and cultural atmosphere of Alishan make it a memorable stop on any trip through Taiwan's central mountains. If I hadn't already seen the Formosan Serow and Red-and-white Giant Flying Squirrel at Dasyueshan, I might have tried staying at one of the hotels near the Alishan entrance. Reviews of these accommodations are mixed, but they do offer the advantage of easy access to the park's boardwalks at night.



Yushan National Park

Yushan NP-Tataka Visitor Center

On my first visit to Yushan, I drove directly to the parking lot at the Tataka Visitor Center. After a quick look around the visitor center—where the exhibition was quite interesting, though mostly in Mandarin—I set out on the Dongpu Prairie Trail. The path climbs along a mountain ridge through dense bamboo undergrowth, and along the way I spotted Coal Tit, Green-backed Tit, Yellowish-bellied Bush Warbler, Taiwan Yuhina, and Taiwan Bush-Robin. From there, I continued along the road toward the Yushan Trailhead. As clouds rolled in, the weather began to deteriorate, but I still managed to get good views of Southern Nutcracker, Large-billed Crow, Taiwan Fulvetta, White-whiskered Laughingthrush, and Taiwan Barwing. At the trailhead, I took the path over the ridge toward the Tatajia Viewing Platform and the Giant Taiwan Hemlock. Unfortunately, visibility dropped significantly in the thick mist, and bird activity was low. Since the weather showed no signs of improving, I returned to the visitor center, enjoyed a very satisfying hot pot for lunch, and then drove back down the mountain. Later, from the balcony of my hotel, I heard the distinctive calls of a Savanna Nightjar.



Green-Backed Tit Taiwan Fulvetta

The next morning, the weather had cleared, and from my balcony I finally had a clear view of Yushan's summit. On the drive back up the mountain, I was thrilled to see a **Mikado Pheasant** casually walking along the roadside just before the Tataka Visitor Center parking lot. That morning, I left my car at the Shangdongpu parking area, where a few tame

White-whiskered Laughingthrushes were milling about. From there, I retraced my previous route, covering the Dongpu Prairie Trail, the Giant Taiwan Hemlock, and the Tatajia Viewing Platform. Along the Dongpu Prairie Trail I encountered Coal Tit, Yellowish-bellied Bush Warbler, Black-throated Tit, Morrison's Fulvetta, Eurasian Wren, and Brown-headed Thrush. On the trail toward the viewing platform, the highlights included Southern Nutcracker, Taiwan Fulvetta, Taiwan Barwing, Flamecrest, and the local subspecies of the Eurasian Nuthatch.



Mikado Pheasant



Southern Nutcracker

White-whiskered Laughingthrush

Alishan Forest Reserve

After a short morning stroll, I set out to visit Alishan. Since the main parking lot inside the park was full, I had to leave the car along the roadside on the way up to Yushan. This meant a 25-minute walk just to reach the entrance. The last cherry blossoms were still hanging on, and the park was absolutely packed with visitors. With so many people around, it wasn't the best opportunity for wildlife watching, so I focused instead on enjoying the scenery. The boardwalk through the giant trees was particularly impressive, and I also spent some time at the small Ecocenter and the Salamander Exhibit. One highlight was the abundance of Taiwan Pleione blooming along the wall just past the entrance—a beautiful sight.



Taiwan Liocichla

Wild Taiwan Pleione



Shakadang Trail



Shakadang Trail

Aogu wetlands & Kenting National Park

General Info

From Xinyi Township, my plan was to drive all the way south to reach Kenting National Park at the southern tip of Taiwan. Before heading there, however, I decided to make a detour to the Aogu Wetlands, as I still hadn't seen the Blackfaced Spoonbill. The drive from Xinyi took about two hours.

Aogu Wetlands and Forest Park is vast, stretching across reclaimed farmland, lagoons, and coastal mudflats. It is one of Taiwan's premier birding sites, especially in winter, when large flocks of waders and waterfowl gather. The area is free to enter, easy to navigate, and most birdwatching is done from the seawall, where several hides provide shelter and good viewing angles.

After birding at Aogu, I continued the drive—about three more hours—to southern Taiwan. Rather than staying directly in Kenting, which can feel crowded and overly touristy, I based myself in Hengchun. This town offers cheaper accommodation, plenty of local food stalls and restaurants, and a quieter atmosphere. Hengchun also has a bit of history: large portions of its old Qing Dynasty city wall still stand, with several gates intact, making it one of Taiwan's best-preserved walled towns. I stayed at the Riverside Hotel Hengchun, which was comfortable, reasonably priced, and included free parking.

From Hengchun, it was only a 20-minute drive into the Kenting National Forest Recreation Area. Entry costs about NT\$100, and the park is crisscrossed with trails leading through ravines, caves, and coral-limestone formations. Outside of the forest reserve, much of Kenting National Park is free to access. The coastline is spectacular, with dramatic headlands, coral reefs, and stretches of white-sand beaches. At Taiwan's southernmost point lies Eluanbi, marked by its historic lighthouse built during the Qing Dynasty with the assistance of foreign engineers. A short walk leads to a viewing platform where the Pacific Ocean and the Taiwan Strait meet—an iconic spot that feels like standing at the end of the island.



The tropical south coast of Taiwan

Aogu wetlands

I only had about two hours to spend at this site, since I needed to travel from Yushan National Park to Hengchun in a single day. My first attempt was to enter the park via the main gate at 23.507600, 120.147727. The roads in this area were in poor condition, and not wanting to risk a flat tire, I didn't drive very far. Around the parking area itself, I noted Red Collared-Dove, Black Drongo, Long-tailed Shrike, and Chestnut-tailed Starling in the surrounding trees. From there I drove toward the seawall at 23.494493, 120.154965. Birding here is essentially done by slowly driving along the road beside the seawall and stopping wherever looks promising. At the very first body of water, I was lucky to find a pair of Black-faced Spoonbills feeding right beside the road. The nearby pools also held Northern Shoveler, Northern Pintail, Pied Avocet, Pacific Swallow, and Light-vented Bulbul.

Further down the road, larger flocks of **Black-faced Spoonbills** appeared, with some groups numbering up to 50 individuals. Continuing along the seawall, I recorded **Eurasian Wigeon**, **Green-winged Teal**, **Black-winged Stilt**, **Pacific Golden-Plover**, **Little Ringed Plover**, **Eurasian Curlew**, **Caspian Tern**, **Eurasian Spoonbill**, **Osprey**, **Common Kingfisher**, and **Javan Myna**. Although I had only a short time to explore, it was clear that one could easily spend a full day birding here.



Chestnut-tailed Starling

Black-faced Spoonbill

Eurasian Curlews and Caspian Terns



Black-winged Stilt



A flock of Black-faced Spoonbills

Typical view at Aogu Wetlands

Longluan Lake Northern Farmlands en Wetlands

This site lies just southwest of Hengchun and is essentially a single road running alongside a channel, surrounded by farmland and wetlands. In the morning, I drove the stretch twice, from 21.989787, 120.738634 to Hengxi Road. In the roadside ponds, I observed Northern Shoveler, Eastern Spot-billed Duck, Pheasant-tailed Jacana, Little Grebe, and Little Egret actively foraging. The surrounding brush and fields held Black Drongo, Lesser Coucal, Zitting Cisticola, Styan's Bulbul, Indian Silverbill, and Scaly-breasted Munia. Adding to the scene, Chinese Striped-necked Turtles were basking on the pond edges.





Pheasant-tailed Jacana and Chinese Striped-necked Turtle

Eastern Spot-billed Ducks

Coastline

From the viewing deck behind the National Museum of Marine Biology & Aquarium, there is a stretch of rocky coast-line that makes for pleasant birding. Here I recorded **Pacific Golden-Plover**, **Pacific Reef-Heron**, **Oriental Skylark**, **Styan's Bulbul** and **Blue Rock-Thrush**. After visiting the aquarium, I visited the Houbi interdial zone (21.938100, 120.745511). Purple-clawed Shore Crab and Mottled Lightfoot Crab were crawling on the rocks. Fish could be found in the tidal pools. I could identify Indo-Pacific Sergeant, Sombre Damselfish, Drab Damselfish, Lined Rockskipper and Combtooth Blenny. Brittle Stars and Black Sea Cucumber were also visible, slowly moving along the pool bottoms.





Styan's Bulbul, a Taiwan endemic

Blue Rock-Thrush

The following day, before heading into Kenting National Park, I made a stop at Banana Bay (21.925221, 120.831938). This small port is known as a good spot to see Green Sea Turtles, and it didn't disappoint. Almost immediately after my arrival, a local began pointing excitedly at the water, and sure enough, two turtles were swimming gracefully in the clear blue harbor. A Hound Needlefish was also patrolling the shallows, while a Blue Rock-Thrush perched quietly in a nearby tree.



Green Sea Turtle at close range

Kenting National Park

In the morning, I explored the Kenting National Park Forest Recreation Area, a landscape of coral-rock valleys, caves, and ravines. Near the entrance, the park maps were curiously covered with Clearwing Moths. Within the botanical garden section, a Formosan Sika Deer darted away as I approached, while the surrounding trees held Black-naped Oriole, Black Bulbul, Taiwan Barbet and Brown-Headed Thrush. Butterflies especially abundant here, with Three-spot Grass Yellow, Common Palmfly, Common Mormon, Common Sailer and Lemon Pansy flying in great numbers. At the aquatic garden, Neurothemis taiwanensis and Chalky Percher were seen. Later, in the first rocky ravine, I came across my first endemic Taiwan Japalure. The males were striking, with white throat spots and a bold yellow stripe running down the back.

In the first cave, a lone Formosan Woolly Horseshoe Bat was roosting on the ceiling, seemingly unbothered by the atmospheric lighting installed for visitors. Further north, in the more natural forested part of the park, I recorded Red Collared-Dove, Black Drongo, Gray Treepie, Styan's Bulbul, Morrison's Fulvetta, Taiwan Whistling-Thrush and Blue Rock-Thrush. The shaded trails were alive with butterflies, including Rustic, Chocolate Albatross, Common Bluebottle, Malayan, White Albatross and Common Tiger. On the forest floor, Longtail Mabuya and Brown Forest Skink could be seen darting quickly across the leaf litter. .



Taiwan Whistling-Thrush

Morrison's Fulvetta



Brown Forest Skink

Taiwan Japalure



Formosan Woolly Horseshoe Bat

Malayan

Species List

This section contains a list of bird, mammals, reptiles, amphibians and butterfly species seen during the trip. Abbreviations used are as follows: TP (Taipei), HS (Hsinchu), DFR (Dayueshan Forest Reserve), TG (Taroko George), REN (Renái/Qinjing), YNP (Yushan National Park), AO (Aogu Wetlands), LL (Longluan Lake) KNP (Kenting National Park), TA (Tainan).

Birds

English Name	Latin Name	Where seen	Comment
Northern Shoveler	Spatula clypeata	AO, LL	
Eurasian Wigeon	Mareca penelope	AO	
Eastern Spot-billed Duck	Anas zonorhyncha	LL	
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos	TP	
Northern Pintail	Anas acuta	AO	
Green-winged Teal	Anas crecca	AO	
Tufted Duck	Aythya fuligula	AO	
Taiwan Partridge (E)	Arborophila crudigularis	DFR	
Mikado Pheasant (E)	Syrmaticus mikado	DFR, YNP	
Ring-necked Pheasant	Phasianus colchicus	TA	
Swinhoe's Pheasant (E)	Lophura swinhoii	DFR	
Taiwan Bamboo-Partridge (E)	Bambusicola sonorivox	DFR, REN	
Rock Pigeon	Columba livia	TP, TA	
Oriental Turtle-Dove	Streptopelia orientalis	TP, DFR, REN, LL	
Red Collared-Dove	Streptopelia tranquebarica	TP, AO, LL, KNP, TA	
Spotted Dove	Spilopelia chinensis	TP, AO, LL, KNP, TA	
White-bellied Green-Pigeon	Treron sieboldii	TP	
Lesser Coucal	Centropus bengalensis	LL	
Savanna Nightjar	Caprimulgus affinis	YNP	
House Swift	Apus nipalensis	TP	
Eurasian Moorhen	Gallinula chloropus	TP, AO, LL	
Eurasian Coot	Fulica atra	TP, AO, LL	
White-breasted Waterhen	Amaurornis phoenicurus	TP	
Black-winged Stilt	Himantopus himantopus	AO	
Pied Avocet	Recurvirostra avosetta	AO	
Black-bellied Plover	Pluvialis squatarola	HS, AO	
Pacific Golden-Plover	Pluvialis fulva	AO	
Little Ringed Plover	Thinornis dubius	HS	
Siberian Sand-Plover	Anarhynchus mongolus	HS	
Greater Sand-Plover	Anarhynchus leschenaultii	HS	
Kentish Plover	Anarhynchus alexandrinus	HS, AO	

English Name	Latin Name	Seen where	Comment
Pheasant-tailed Jacana	Hydrophasianus chirurgus	LL	
Eurasian Curlew	Numenius arquata	HS, AO	
Common Sandpiper	Actitis hypoleucos	HS, AO	
Green Sandpiper	Tringa ochropus	TP	
Marsh Sandpiper	Tringa stagnatilis	AO	
Common Redshank	Tringa totanus	HS, AO	
Common Greenshank	Tringa nebularia	TP, HS, AO, LL	
Sanderling	Calidris alba	HS	
Dunlin	Calidris alpina	HS	
Caspian Tern	Hydroprogne caspia	AO	
Little Grebe	Tachybaptus ruficollis	TP, AO, LL	
Great Cormorant	Phalacrocorax carbo	HS, AO	
Eurasian Spoonbill	Platalea leucorodia	TP	
Black-faced Spoonbill	Platalea minor	AO	
Cinnamon Bittern	Botaurus cinnamomeus	TP	
Yellow Bittern	Botaurus sinensis	TP	
Black-crowned Night Heron	Nycticorax nycticorax	TP, AO	
Malayan Night Heron	Gorsachius melanolophus	DFR	
Pacific Reef-Heron	Egretta sacra	KNP	
Little Egret	Egretta garzetta	TP, DFR, AO, LL, TA	
Striated Heron	Butorides striata	TG	
Chinese Pond-Heron	Ardeola bacchus	TP	
Eastern Cattle-Egret	Ardea coromanda	TP, AO, LL, TA	
Great Egret	Ardea alba	TP, AO	
Medium Egret	Ardea intermedia	AO	
Gray Heron	Ardea cinerea	TP, AO, LL	
Osprey	Pandion haliaetus	TP, HS, AO	
Black-winged Kite	Elanus caeruleus	TP	
Crested Serpent-Eagle	Spilornis cheela	TP, DFR	
Crested Goshawk	Lophospiza trivirgata	YNP	
Black Kite	Milvus migrans	TP	
Common Kingfisher	Alcedo atthis	TP, TG, AO, TA	
Taiwan Barbet (E)	Psilopogon nuchalis	TP, DFR, TG, REN, KNP	
Gray-capped Pygmy Wood- pecker	Yungipicus canicapillus	TP, TG	
Gray-headed Woodpecker	Picus canus	DFR, YNP	
Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus	TP	From Tapei 101
Gray-chinned Minivet	Pericrocotus solaris	DFR, TG, REN	

English Name	Latin Name	Seen where	Comment
White-bellied Erpornis	Erpornis zantholeuca	DFR, TG, REN	
Black-naped Oriole	Oriolus chinensis	KNP	
Maroon Oriole	Oriolus traillii	DFR, TP	
Black Drongo	Dicrurus macrocercus	TP, AO, LL, KNP	
Black-naped Monarch	Hypothymis azurea	TP, DFR, TG	
Brown Shrike	Lanius cristatus	TP, AO, TA	
Long-tailed Shrike	Lanius schach	AO	
Taiwan Blue-Magpie (E)	Urocissa caerulea	TP	
Gray Treepie	Dendrocitta formosae	TP, DFR, REN, KNP	
Oriental Magpie	Pica serica	TP	
Southern Nutcracker	Nucifraga hemispila	DFR, YNP	
Large-billed Crow	Corvus macrorhynchos	TO, DFR, TG, REN, YNP	
Coal Tit	Periparus ater	DFR, YNP	
Chestnut-bellied Tit (E)	Sittiparus castaneoventris	DFR	
Green-backed Tit	Parus monticolus	DFR, REN, YNP	
Taiwan Yellow Tit (E)	Machlolophus holsti	DFR, REN	
Oriental Skylark	Alauda gulgula	KNP	
Yellow-bellied Prinia	Prinia flaviventris	TP, AO	
Plain Prinia	Prinia inornata	TP, DFR, AO, LL	
Zitting Cisticola	Cisticola juncidis	LL	
Pacific Swallow	Hirundo javanica	DFR, AO	
Barn Swallow	Hirundo rustica	TP, LL	
Asian House-Martin	Delichon dasypus	TP	
Eastern Red-rumped Swallow	Cecropis daurica	AO, LL, TA	
Black Bulbul	Hypsipetes leucocephalus	TP, DFR, TG, REN, KNP, TA	
Light-vented Bulbul	Pycnonotus sinensis	TP, AO, TA	
Styan's Bulbul (E)	Pycnonotus taivanus	TG, KNP	
Yellow-browed Warbler	Phylloscopus inornatus	TP	
Arctic Warbler	Phylloscopus borealis	TP	
Rufous-faced Warbler	Abroscopus albogularis	DFR	
Manchurian Bush Warbler	Horornis canturians	TP	
Brownish-flanked Bush Warbler	Horornis fortipes	REN	
Yellowish-bellied Bush Warbler	Horornis acanthizoides	DFR, YNP	
Black-throated Tit	Aegithalos concinnus	DFR, REN, YNP	
Taiwan Fulvetta (E)	Fulvetta formosana	DFR, YNP	
Vinous-throated Parrotbill	Suthora webbiana	TA	
Taiwan Yuhina (E)	Yuhina brunneiceps	DFR, REN, YNP	
Swinhoe's White-eye	Zosterops simplex	TP, DFR	

English Name	Latin Name	Seen where	Comment
Rufous-capped Babbler	Cyanoderma ruficeps	TP, DFR	
Taiwan Scimitar-Babbler (E)	Pomatorhinus musicus	TP, DFR	
Black-necklaced Scimitar- Babbler (E)	Erythrogenys erythrocnemis	TP, DFR	
Morrison's Fulvetta (E)	Alcippe morrisonia	TP, DFR, YNP, KNP	
White-whiskered Laugh- ingthrush (E)	Trochalopteron morrisonianum	DFR, YNP	
White-eared Sibia (E)	Heterophasia auricularis	DFR, REN	
Taiwan Barwing (E)	Actinodura morrisoniana	DFR, YNP	
Taiwan Liocichla (E)	Liocichla steerii	DFR, YNP	
Taiwan Hwamei (E)	Garrulax taewanus	TG	
Black-throated Laughingthrush	Pterorhinus chinensis	TP	
Rufous-crowned Laugh- ingthrush (E)	Pterorhinus ruficeps	TP, DFR	
Rusty Laughingthrush (E)	Pterorhinus poecilorhynchus	DFR	
Flamecrest (E)	Regulus goodfellowi	DFR, YNP	
Eurasian Nuthatch	Sitta europaea	YNP	
Eurasian Wren	Troglodytes troglodytes	YNP	
Asian Glossy Starling	Aplonis panayensis	TA	
Black-collared Starling	Gracupica nigricollis	TP	
Chestnut-tailed Starling	Sturnia malabarica	TP, AO	
Common Myna	Acridotheres tristis	TP, LL, TA	
Javan Myna	Acridotheres javanicus	TP	
Crested Myna	Acridotheres cristatellus	TP	
White's Thrush	Zoothera aurea	DFR	
Taiwan Thrush (E)	Turdus niveiceps	DFR	
Pale Thrush	Turdus pallidus	TP	
Brown-headed Thrush	Turdus chrysolaus	DFR, YNP, KNP	
Oriental Magpie-Robin	Copsychus saularis	TP, AO	
White-rumped Shama	Copsychus malabaricus	TP, DFR	
Taiwan Vivid Niltava (E)	Niltava vivida	DFR, TG, REN	
Taiwan Whistling-Thrush (E)	Myophonus insularis	TP, DFR, KNP	
Little Forktail	Enicurus scouleri	DFR	
White-tailed Robin	Myiomela leucura	DFR, YNP	
Red-flanked Bluetail	Tarsiger cyanurus	DFR	
Taiwan Bush-Robin (E)	Tarsiger formosanus	DFR, TG, YNP	
Collared Bush-Robin (E)	Tarsiger johnstoniae	DFR, YNP	
Plumbeous Redstart	Phoenicurus fuliginosus	DFR	

English Name	Latin Name	Seen where	Comment
Daurian Redstart	Phoenicurus auroreus	TP	
Blue Rock-Thrush	Monticola solitarius	KNP	
Plain Flowerpecker	Dicaeum minullum	REN	
Fire-breasted Flowerpecker	Dicaeum ignipectus	REN	
Indian Silverbill	Euodice malabarica	LL	
Scaly-breasted Munia	Lonchura punctulata	TP, LL	
White-rumped Munia	Lonchura striata	TG	
Chestnut Munia	Lonchura atricapilla	TP	
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	Passer montanus	TP, HS, AO, LL, KNP	
Gray Wagtail	Motacilla cinerea	YNP	
Eastern Yellow Wagtail	Motacilla tschutschensis	TP	
White Wagtail	Motacilla alba	TP, LL, TG	
Olive-backed Pipit	Anthus hodgsoni	DFR	
Taiwan Rosefinch (E)	Carpodacus formosanus	DFR, TG	
Brown Bullfinch	Pyrrhula nipalensis	DFR, REN	
Taiwan Bullfinch (E)	Pyrrhula owstoni	DFR	





Taiwan Giant Flying Squirrel

Taiwan Barwing



Mammals

English Name	Latin Name	Seen where	Comment
Pallas's Squirrel	Callosciurus erythraeus	TP	
Perny's Long-nosed Squirrel	Dremomys pernyi	DFR, YNP	
Taiwan Giant Flying Squirrel (E)	Petaurista lena	TP	
Formosan Giant Flying Squirrel (E)	Petaurista grandis	DFR	
Maritime Striped Squirrel	Tamiops maritimus	DFR	
Formosan Woolly Horseshoe Bat (E)	Rhinolophus formosae	KNP	
Eastern Bent-winged Bat	Miniopterus fuliginosus	DFR	
Masked Palm Civet	Paguma larvata	TP, DFR	
Formosan Ferret Badger (E)	Melogale subaurantiaca	TP	
Sika Deer	Cervus nippon	KNP	
Reeves's Muntjac	Muntiacus reevesi	DFR, YNP	
Formosan Serow (E)	Capricornis swinhoei	DFR	
Taiwanese Macaque (E)	Macaca cyclopis	DFR, YNP	



Butterflies

English Name	Latin Name	Seen where	Comment
Dark Palm-Dart	Telicota bambusae	ТР	
Restricted Purple Sapphire	Heliophorus ila	TP	
Malayan	Megisba malaya	TP, KNP	
Common Hedge Blue	Acytolepis puspa	TP	
Pea Blue	Lampides boeticus	TP	
Common Bluebottle	Graphium sarpedon	TP, KNP	
Common Windmill	Byasa polyeuctes	TG	
Great Mormon Swallowtail	Papilio memnon	TP	
Common Mormon Swallowtail	Papilio polytes	KNP	
Formosan swallowtail (E)	Papilio thaiwanus	TP	
Three-spotted Grass Yellow	Eurema blanda	KNP	
Common Albatross	Appias albina	KNP	
Chocolate Albatross	Appias lyncida	KNP	
Indian Cabbage White	Pieris canidia	TP	
Tropical Fritillary	Argynnis hyperbius	TP	
Rustic	Cupha erymanthis	KNP	
Purple Crow Butterfly	Euploea tulliolus	TP	
Ceylon Blue Glassy Tiger	Ideopsis similis	TP, KNP	
Blue Tiger	Tirumala limniace	TP	
Plain Tiger Butterfly	Danaus chrysippus	TP	
Common Tiger Butterfly	Danaus genutia	KNP	
Common Beak	Libythea lepita	TP	
Chocolate Pansy	Junonia iphita	TP	
Lemon Pansy	Junonia lemonias	KNP	
Yellow Jester	Symbrenthia brabira	TP	
Common Palmfly	Elymnias hypermnestra	KNP	
Dark Evening Brown	Melanitis phedima	DFR	
Straight-banded Treebrown	Lethe verma	TP	
Black-spotted Labyrinth	Neope muirheadii	TP	
Lilacine Bushbrown	Mycalesis francisca	ТР	
Formosan Ringlet (E)	Ypthima formosana	ТР	
Striated Ringlet	Ypthima multistriata	TP	
White-edged Blue Baron	Euthalia phemius	TP	
Common Sailer	Neptis hylas	KNP	
Staff Sergeant	Athyma selenophora	TP	
Common Mapwing	Cyrestis thyodamas	TP	

Reptiles & Amphibians

English Name	Latin Name	Seen where	Comment
Chinese Striped-necked Turtle	Mauremys sinensis	TP, LL	
Green Sea Turtle	Chelonia mydas	KNP	
Taiwan Japalure (E)	Diploderma swinhonis	KNP	
Longtail Mabuya	Eutropis longicaudata	KNP	
Brown Forest Skink	Sphenomorphus incognitus	KNP	
Chinese Green Tree Viper	Trimeresurus stejnegeri	TP	
Taiwan Common Toad (E)	Bufo bankorensis	DFR	
LaTouche's Frog	Hylarana latouchii	TP	



Grey Treepie Taiwan Bullfinch







View from Erbazi Botanical Garden